

**The Protection of Women
from Domestic Violence Act, 2005**

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**The Rules may be called the
protection of Women from Domestic
Violence Rules, 2006**

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Department of Law & Judiciary
Legal Affairs Division

Notification

10/2/2005-LA/2277

The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (Central Act No. 43 of 2005), which has been passed by the Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 13-9-2005 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 14-9-2005, is hereby published for general information of the public.

Sharad G. Marathe, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 9th November, 2005.

**THE PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC
VIOLENCE ACT, 2005**

Arrangement of Sections

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THE PROTECTION OF WOMEN FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT, 2005

AN

ACT

to provide for more effective protection of the rights of women guaranteed under the Constitution who are victims of violence of any kind occurring within the family and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

1. Short title, extent and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005.

(2) It extends to the whole of India ¹[].

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Definitions.— In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “aggrieved person” means any woman who is, or has been, in a domestic relationship with the respondent and who alleges to have been subjected to any act of domestic violence by the respondent.

(b) “child” means any person below the age of eighteen years and includes any adopted, step or foster child;

(c) “compensation order” means an order granted in terms of section 22;

(d) “custody order” means an order granted in terms of section 21;

(e) “domestic incident report” means a report made in the prescribed form on receipt of a complaint of domestic violence from an aggrieved person;

(f) “domestic relationship” means a relationship between two persons who live or have, at any point of time, lived together in a shared household, when they are related by consanguinity, marriage, or through a relationship in the nature of marriage, adoption or are family members living together as a joint family;

(g) “domestic violence” has the same meaning as assigned to it in section 3;

(h) “dowry” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 2 of the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961;

28 of 1961.

¹ The words “except the State of Jammu and Kashmir” omitted by Central Act 34 of 2019.

(i) “Magistrate” means the Judicial Magistrate of the first class, or as the case may be, the Metropolitan Magistrate, exercising jurisdiction under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 in the area where the aggrieved person resides temporarily or otherwise or the respondent resides or the domestic violence is alleged to have taken place; 2 of 1974.

(j) “medical facility” means such facility as may be notified by the State Government to be a medical facility for the purposes of this Act;

(k) “monetary relief” means the compensation which the Magistrate may order the respondent to pay to the aggrieved person, at any stage during the hearing of an application seeking any relief under this Act, to meet the expenses incurred and the losses suffered by the aggrieved person as a result of the domestic violence;

(l) “notification” means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the expression “notified” shall be construed accordingly;

(m) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(n) “Protection Officer” means an officer appointed by the State Government under sub-section (1) of section 8;

(o) “protection order” means an order made in terms of section 18;

(p) “residence order” means an order granted in terms of sub-section (1) of section 19;

(q) “respondent” means any adult male person who is, or has been, in a domestic relationship with the aggrieved person and against whom the aggrieved person has sought any relief under this Act:

Provided that an aggrieved wife or female living in a relationship in the nature of a marriage may also file a complaint against a relative of the husband or the male partner;

(r) “service provider” means an entity registered under sub-section (1) of section 10;

(s) “shared household” means a household where the person aggrieved lives or at any stage has lived in a domestic relationship either singly or along with the respondent and includes such a household whether owned or tenanted either jointly by the aggrieved person and the respondent, or owned or tenanted by either of them in respect of which either the aggrieved person or the respondent or both jointly or singly have any right, title, interest or equity and includes such a household which may belong to the joint family of which the respondent is a member, irrespective of whether the respondent or the aggrieved person has any right, title or interest in the shared household;

(t) “shelter home” means any shelter home as may be notified by the State Government to be a shelter home for the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER II

Domestic Violence

3. Definition of domestic violence.— For the purposes of this Act, any act, omission or commission or conduct of the respondent shall constitute domestic violence in case it—

(a) harms or injures or endangers the health, safety life, limb or well-being, whether mental or physical, of the aggrieved person or tends to do so and includes causing physical abuse, sexual abuse, verbal and emotional abuse and economic abuse; or

(b) harasses, harms, injures or endangers the aggrieved person with a view to coerce her or any other person related to her to meet any unlawful demand for any dowry or other property or valuable security; or

(c) has the effect of threatening the aggrieved person or any person related to her by any conduct mentioned in clause (a) or clause (b); or

(d) otherwise injures or causes harm, whether physical or mental, to the aggrieved person.

Explanation I.— For the purposes of this section,—

(i) “physical abuse” means any act or conduct which is of such a nature as to cause bodily pain, harm, or danger to life, limb, or health or impair the health or development of the aggrieved person and includes assault, criminal intimidation and criminal force;

(ii) “sexual abuse” includes any conduct of a sexual nature that abuses, humiliates, degrades or otherwise violates the dignity of woman;

(iii) “verbal and emotional abuse” includes—

(a) insults, ridicule, humiliation, name calling and insults or ridicule specially with regard to not having a child or a male child; and

(b) repeated threats to cause physical pain to any person in whom the aggrieved person is interested.

(iv) “economic abuse” includes—

(a) deprivation of all or any economic or financial resources to which the aggrieved person is entitled under any law or custom whether payable under an order of a court or otherwise or which the aggrieved person requires out of necessity including, but not limited to, household necessities for the aggrieved person and her children, if any, *stridhan*, property, jointly or separately owned by the aggrieved person, payment of rental related to the shared household and maintenance;

(b) disposal of household effects, any alienation of assets whether movable or immovable, valuables, shares, securities, bonds and the like or other property in which the aggrieved person has an interest or is entitled to use by virtue of the

domestic relationship or which may be reasonably required by the aggrieved person or her children or her *stridhan* or any other property jointly or separately held by the aggrieved person; and

(c) prohibition or restriction to continued access to resources or facilities which the aggrieved person is entitled to use or enjoy by virtue of the domestic relationship including access to the shared household.

Explanation II.— For the purpose of determining whether any act, omission, commission or conduct of the respondent constitutes “domestic violence” under this section, the overall facts and circumstances of the case shall be taken into consideration.

CHAPTER III

Powers and Duties of Protection Officers, Service Providers, etc.

4. Information to Protection Officer and exclusion of liability of informant.— (1) Any person who has reason to believe that an act of domestic violence has been, or is being, or is likely to be committed, may give information about it to the concerned Protection Officer.

(2) No liability, civil or criminal, shall be incurred by any person for giving in good faith of information for the purpose of sub-section (1).

5. Duties of police officers, service providers and Magistrate.— A police officer, Protection Officer, service provider or Magistrate who has received a complaint of domestic violence or is otherwise present at the place of an incident of domestic violence or when the incident of domestic violence is reported to him, shall inform the aggrieved person—

(a) of her right to make an application for obtaining a relief by way of a protection order, an order for monetary relief, a custody order, a residence order, a compensation order or more than one such order under this Act;

(b) of the availability of services of service providers;

(c) of the availability of services of the Protection Officers;

(d) of her right to free legal services under the Legal Services 39 of 1987. Authorities Act, 1987;

(e) of her right to file a complaint under section 498A of the Indian 45 of 1860. Penal Code, wherever relevant;

Provided that nothing in this Act shall be construed in any manner as to relieve a police officer from his duty to proceed in accordance with law upon receipt of information as to the commission of a cognizable offence.

6. Duties of shelter homes.— If an aggrieved person or on her behalf a Protection Officer or a service provider requests the person in charge of a shelter home to provide shelter to her, such person in charge of the shelter home shall provide shelter to the aggrieved person in the shelter home.

7. Duties of medical facilities.— If an aggrieved person or, on her behalf a Protection Officer or a service provider requests the person in charge of a medical facility to provide any medical aid to her, such person in charge of the medical facility shall provide medical aid to the aggrieved person in the medical facility.

8. Appointment of Protection Officers.— (1) The State Government shall, by notification, appoint such number of Protection Officers in each district as it may consider necessary and shall also notify the area or areas within which a Protection Officer shall exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred on him by or under this Act.

(2) The Protection Officers shall as far as possible be women and shall possess such qualifications and experience as may be prescribed.

(3) The terms and conditions of service of the Protection Officer and the other officers subordinate to him shall be such as may be prescribed.

9. Duties and functions of Protection Officers.— (1) It shall be the duty of the Protection Officer—

(a) to assist the Magistrate in the discharge of his functions under this Act;

(b) to make a domestic incident report to the Magistrate, in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed, upon receipt of a complaint of domestic violence and forward copies thereof to the police officer in charge of the police station within the local limits of whose jurisdiction domestic violence is alleged to have been committed and to the service providers in that area;

(c) to make an application in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed to the Magistrate, if the aggrieved person so desires, claiming relief for issuance of a protection order;

(d) to ensure that the aggrieved person is provided legal aid under the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 and make available free of cost the prescribed form in which a complaint is to be made; 39 of 1987.

(e) to maintain a list of all service providers providing legal aid or counselling, shelter homes and medical facilities in a local area within the jurisdiction of the Magistrate;

(f) to make available a safe shelter home, if the aggrieved person so requires and forward a copy of his report of having lodged the aggrieved person in a shelter home to the police station and the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the area where the shelter home is situated;

(g) to get the aggrieved person medically examined, if she has sustained bodily injuries and forward a copy of the medical report to the police station and the Magistrate having jurisdiction in the area where the domestic violence is alleged to have been taken place;

(h) to ensure that the order for monetary relief under section 20 is complied with and executed, in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

2 of 1974.

(i) to perform such other duties as may be prescribed.

(2) The Protection Officer shall be under the control and supervision of the Magistrate, and shall perform the duties imposed on him by the Magistrate and the Government by, or under, this Act.

10. Service providers.— (1) Subject to such rules as may be made in this behalf, any voluntary association registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 or a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956 or any other law for the time being in force with the objective of protecting the rights and interests of women by any lawful means including providing of legal aid, medical, financial or other assistance shall register itself with the State Government as a service provider for the purposes of this Act.

21 of 1860.
1 of 1956.

(2) A service provider registered under sub-section (1) shall have the power to—

(a) record the domestic incident report in the prescribed form if the aggrieved person so desires and forward a copy thereof to the Magistrate and the Protection Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the domestic violence took place;

(b) get the aggrieved person medically examined and forward a copy of the medical report to the Protection Officer and the police station within the local limits of which the domestic violence took place;

(c) ensure that the aggrieved person is provided shelter in a shelter home, if she so requires and forward a report of the lodging of the aggrieved person in the shelter home to the police station within the local limits of which the domestic violence took place.

(3) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any service provider or any member of the service provider who is, or who is deemed to be, acting or purporting to act under this Act, for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in the exercise of powers or discharge of functions under this Act towards the prevention of the commission of domestic violence.

11. Duties of Government.— The Central Government and every State Government, shall take all measures to ensure that—

(a) the provisions of this Act are given wide publicity through public media including the television, radio and the print media at regular intervals;

(b) the Central Government and State Government officers including the police officers and the members of the judicial services are given periodic sensitization and awareness training on the issues addressed by this Act;

(c) effective co-ordination between the services provided by concerned Ministries and Departments dealing with law, home affairs including law and order, health and human resources to address issues of domestic violence is established and periodical review of the same is conducted;

(d) protocols for the various Ministries concerned with the delivery of services to women under this Act including the courts are prepared and put in place.

CHAPTER IV

Procedure for obtaining orders of reliefs

12. Application to Magistrate.— (1) An aggrieved person or a Protection Officer or any other person on behalf of the aggrieved person may present an application to the Magistrate seeking one or more reliefs under this Act:

Provided that before passing any order on such application, the Magistrate shall take into consideration any domestic incident report received by him from the Protection Officer or the service provider.

(2) The relief sought for under sub-section (1) may include a relief for issuance of an order for payment of compensation or damages without prejudice to the right of such person to institute a suit for compensation or damages for the injuries caused by the acts of domestic violence committed by the respondent:

Provided that where a decree for any amount as compensation or damages has been passed by any court in favour of the aggrieved person, the amount if any, paid or payable in pursuance of the order made by the Magistrate under this Act shall be set off against the amount payable under such decree and the decree shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or any other law for the time being in force, be executable of 1908. for the balance amount, if any, left after such set off.

(3) Every application under sub-section (1) shall be in such form and contain such particulars as may be prescribed or as nearly as possible thereto.

(4) The Magistrate shall fix the first date of hearing, which shall not ordinarily be beyond three days from the date of receipt of the application by the court.

(5) The Magistrate shall endeavour to dispose of every application made under sub-section (1) within a period of sixty days from the date of its first hearing.

13. Service of notice.— (1) A notice of the date of hearing fixed under section 12 shall be given by the Magistrate to the Protection Officer, who shall get it served by such means as may be prescribed on the respondent, and on any other person, as directed by the Magistrate within a maximum period of two days or such further reasonable time as may be allowed by the Magistrate from the date of its receipt.

(2) A declaration of service of notice made by the Protection Officer in such form as may be prescribed shall be the proof that such notice was served upon the respondent and on any other person as directed by the Magistrate unless the contrary is proved.

14. Counselling.— (1) The Magistrate may, at any stage of the proceedings under this Act, direct the respondent or the aggrieved person, either singly or jointly, to undergo counselling with any member of a service provider who possess such qualifications and experience in counselling as may be prescribed.

(2) Where the Magistrate has issued any direction under sub-section (1), he shall fix the next date of hearing of the case within a period not exceeding two months.

15. Assistance of welfare expert.— In any proceeding under this Act, the Magistrate may secure the services of such person, preferably a woman, whether related to the aggrieved person or not, including a person engaged in promoting family welfare as he thinks fit, for the purpose of assisting him in discharging his functions.

16. Proceedings to be held *in camera*.— If the Magistrate considers that the circumstances of the case so warrant, and if either party to the proceedings so desires, he may conduct the proceedings under this Act *in camera*.

17. Right to reside in a shared household.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, every woman in a domestic relationship shall have the right to reside in the shared household, whether or not she has any right, title or beneficial interest in the same.

(2) The aggrieved person shall not be evicted or excluded from the shared household or any part of it by the respondent save in accordance with the procedure established by law.

18. Protection orders.— The Magistrate may, after giving the aggrieved person and the respondent an opportunity of being heard and on being *prima facie* satisfied that domestic violence has taken place or is likely to take place, pass a protection order in favour of the aggrieved person and prohibit the respondent from—

- (a) committing any act of domestic violence;
- (b) aiding or abetting in the commission of acts of domestic violence;
- (c) entering the place of employment of the aggrieved person or, if the person aggrieved is a child, its school or any other place frequented by the aggrieved person;
- (d) attempting to communicate in any form, whatsoever, with the aggrieved person, including personal, oral or written or electronic or telephonic contact;
- (e) alienating any assets, operating bank lockers or bank accounts used or held or enjoyed by both the parties, jointly by the aggrieved person and the respondent or singly by the respondent, including her *stridhan* or any other property held either jointly by the parties or separately by them without the leave of the Magistrate;
- (f) causing violence to the dependants, other relatives or any person who give the aggrieved person assistance from domestic violence;
- (g) committing any other act as specified in the protection order.

19. Residence orders.— (1) While disposing of an application under sub-section (1) of section 12, the Magistrate may, on being satisfied that domestic violence has taken place, pass a residence order—

(a) restraining the respondent from dispossessing or in any other manner disturbing the possession of the aggrieved person from the shared household, whether or not the respondent has a legal or equitable interest in the shared household;

(b) directing the respondent to remove himself from the shared household;

(c) restraining the respondent or any of his relatives from entering any portion of the shared household in which the aggrieved person resides;

(d) restraining the respondent from alienating or disposing off the shared household or encumbering the same.

(e) restraining the respondent from renouncing his rights in the shared household except with the leave of the Magistrate; or

(f) directing the respondent to secure same level of alternate accommodation for the aggrieved person as enjoyed by her in the shared household or to pay rent for the same, if the circumstances so require:

Provided that no order under clause (b) shall be passed against any person who is a woman.

(2) The Magistrate may impose any additional conditions or pass any other direction which he may deem reasonably necessary to protect or to provide for the safety of the aggrieved person or any child of such aggrieved person.

(3) The Magistrate may require from the respondent to execute a bond, with or without sureties, for preventing the commission of domestic violence.

(4) An order under sub-section (3) shall be deemed to be an order under Chapter VIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 and shall be dealt with accordingly. 2 of 1974.

(5) While passing an order under sub-section (1), sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), the court may also pass an order directing the officer in charge of the nearest police station to give protection to the aggrieved person or to assist her or the person making an application on her behalf in the implementation of the order.

(6) While making an order under sub-section (1), the Magistrate may impose on the respondent obligations relating to the discharge of rent and other payments, having regard to the financial needs and resources of the parties.

(7) The Magistrate may direct the officer in-charge of the police station in whose jurisdiction the Magistrate has been approached to assist in the implementation of the protection order.

(8) The Magistrate may direct the respondent to return to the possession of the aggrieved person her *stridhan* or any other property or valuable security to which she is entitled to.

20. Monetary reliefs.— (1) While disposing of an application under sub-section (1) of section 12, the Magistrate may direct the respondent to pay monetary relief to meet the expenses incurred and losses suffered by the aggrieved person and any child of the aggrieved person as a result of the domestic violence and such relief may include, but not limited to,—

(a) the loss of earnings;

(b) the medical expenses;

(c) the loss caused due to the destruction, damage or removal of any property from the control of the aggrieved person; and

(d) the maintenance for the aggrieved person as well as her children, if any, including an order under or in addition to an order of maintenance under section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 or any other law for the time being in force.

2 of 1974.

(2) The monetary relief granted under this section shall be adequate, fair and reasonable and consistent with the standard of living to which the aggrieved person is accustomed.

(3) The Magistrate shall have the power to order an appropriate lumpsum payment or monthly payments of maintenance, as the nature and circumstances of the case may require.

(4) The Magistrate shall send a copy of the order for monetary relief made under sub-section (1) to the parties to the application and to the in charge of the police station within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the respondent resides.

(5) The respondent shall pay the monetary relief granted to the aggrieved person within the period specified in the order under sub-section (1).

(6) Upon the failure on the part of the respondent to make payment in terms of the order under sub-section (1), the Magistrate may direct the employer or a debtor of the respondent, to directly pay to the aggrieved person or to deposit with the court a portion of the wages or salaries or debt due to or accrued to the credit of the respondent, which amount may be adjusted towards the monetary relief payable by the respondent.

21. Custody orders.— Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the Magistrate may, at any stage of hearing of the application for protection order or for any other relief under this Act grant temporary custody of any child or children to the aggrieved person or the person making an application on her behalf and specify, if necessary, the arrangements for visit of such child or children by the respondent:

Provided that if the Magistrate is of the opinion that any visit of the respondent may be harmful to the interests of the child or children, the Magistrate shall refuse to allow such visit.

22. Compensation orders.— In addition to other reliefs as may be granted under this Act, the Magistrate may on an application being made by the aggrieved person, pass an order directing the respondent to pay compensation and damages for the injuries, including mental torture and emotional distress, caused by the acts of domestic violence committed by that respondent.

23. Power to grant interim and *ex parte* orders.— (1) In any proceeding before him under this Act, the Magistrate may pass such interim order as he deems just and proper.

(2) If the Magistrate is satisfied that an application *prima facie* discloses that the respondent is committing, or has committed an act of domestic violence or that there is a likelihood that the respondent may commit an act of domestic violence, he may grant an *ex parte* order on the basis of the affidavit in such form, as may be prescribed, of the aggrieved person under section 18, section 19, section 20, section 21 or, as the case may be, section 22 against the respondent.

24. Court to give copies of order free of cost.— The Magistrate shall, in all cases where he has passed any order under this Act, order that a copy of such order, shall be given free of cost, to the parties to the application, the police officer in charge of the police station in the jurisdiction of which the Magistrate has been approached, and any service provider located within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the court and if any service provider has registered a domestic incident report, to that service provider.

25. Duration and alteration of orders.— (1) A protection order made under section 18 shall be in force till the aggrieved person applies for discharge.

(2) If the Magistrate, on receipt of an application from the aggrieved person or the respondent, is satisfied that there is a change in the circumstances requiring alteration, modification or revocation of any order made under this Act, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing pass such order, as he may deem appropriate.

26. Relief in other suits and legal proceedings.— (1) Any relief available under sections 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 may also be sought in any legal proceeding, before a civil court, family court or a criminal court, affecting the aggrieved person and the respondent whether such proceeding was initiated before or after the commencement of this Act.

(2) Any relief referred to in sub-section (1) may be sought for in addition to and along with any other relief that the aggrieved person may seek in such suit or legal proceeding before a civil or criminal court.

(3) In case any relief has been obtained by the aggrieved person in any proceedings other than a proceeding under this Act, she shall be bound to inform the Magistrate of the grant of such relief.

27. Jurisdiction.— (1) The court of Judicial Magistrate of the first class or the Metropolitan Magistrate, as the case may be, within the local limits of which—

(a) the person aggrieved permanently or temporarily resides or carries on business or is employed; or

(b) the respondent resides or carries on business or is employed; or

(c) the cause of action has arisen,

shall be the competent court to grant a protection order and other orders under this Act and to try offences under this Act.

(2) Any order made under this Act shall be enforceable throughout India.

28. Procedure.— (1) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, all proceedings under sections 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 and offences under section 31 shall be governed by the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

2 of 1974.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall prevent the court from laying down its own procedure for disposal of an application under section 12 or under sub-section (2) of section 23.

29. Appeal.— There shall lie an appeal to the Court of Session within thirty days from the date on which the order made by the Magistrate is served on the aggrieved person or the respondent, as the case may be, whichever is later.

CHAPTER V

Miscellaneous

30. Protection Officers and members of service providers to be public servants.— The Protection Officers and members of service providers, while acting or purporting to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act or any rules or orders made thereunder shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

45 of 1860.

31. Penalty for breach of protection order by respondent.— (1) A breach of protection order, or of an interim protection order, by the respondent shall be an offence under this Act and shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to twenty thousand rupees, or with both.

(2) The offence under sub-section (1) shall as far as practicable be tried by the Magistrate who had passed the order, the breach of which has been alleged to have been caused by the accused.

(3) While framing charges under sub-section (1), the Magistrate may also frame charges under section 498A of the Indian Penal Code or any other provision of that Code or the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961, as the case may be, if the facts disclose the commission of an offence under those provisions.

45 of 1860.

28 of 1961.

32. Cognizance and proof.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the offence under sub-section (1) of section 31 shall be cognizable and non-bailable. 2 of 1974.

(2) Upon the sole testimony of the aggrieved person, the court may conclude that an offence under sub-section (1) of section 31 has been committed by the accused.

33. Penalty for not discharging duty by Protection Officer.— If any Protection Officer fails or refuses to discharge his duties as directed by the Magistrate in the protection order without any sufficient cause, he shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to twenty thousand rupees, or with both.

34. Cognizance of offence committed by Protection Officer.— No prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Protection Officer unless a complaint is filed with the previous sanction of the State Government or an officer authorized by it in this behalf.

35. Protection of action taken in good faith.— No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Protection Officer for any damage caused or likely to be caused by anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

36. Act not in derogation of any other law.— The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of the provisions of any other law, for the time being in force.

37. Power of Central Government to make rules.— (1) The Central Government may, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the qualifications and experience which a Protection Officer shall possess under sub-section (2) of section 8;

(b) the terms and conditions of service of the Protection Officers and the other officers subordinate to him, under sub-section (3) of section 8;

(c) the form and manner in which a domestic incident report may be made under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 9;

(d) the form and the manner in which an application for protection order may be made to the Magistrate under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 9;

(e) the form in which a complaint is to be filed under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 9;

(f) the other duties to be performed by the Protection Officer under clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 9;

(g) the rules regulating registration of service providers under sub-section (1) of section 10;

(h) the form in which an application under sub-section (1) of section 12 seeking reliefs under this Act may be made and the particulars which such application shall contain under sub-section (3) of that section;

(i) the means of serving notices under sub-section (1) of section 13;

(j) the form of declaration of service of notice to be made by the Protection Officer under sub-section (2) of section 13;

(k) the qualifications and experience in counselling which a member of the service provider shall possess under sub-section (1) of section 14;

(l) the form in which an affidavit may be filed by the aggrieved person under sub-section (2) of section 23;

(m) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

Notification

New Delhi, the 17th October, 2006

G. S. R. (E).— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (43 of 2005), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) These rules may be called the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Rules, 2006.

(2) They shall come into force on the 26th day of October, 2006.

2. Definitions.— In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “Act means the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (43 of 2005);

(b) “complaint” means any allegation made orally or in writing by any person to the Protection Officer;

(c) “Counsellor” means a member of a service provider competent to give counselling under sub-section (1) of section 14;

(d) “Form” means a form appended to these rules;

(e) “section” means a section of the Act;

(f) words and expressions used and not defined in these rules but defined in the Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

3. Qualifications and experience of Protection Officers.— (1) The Protection Officers appointed by the State Government may be of the Government or members of non-Governmental organizations:

Provided that preference shall be given to women.

(2) Every person appointed as Protection Officer under the Act shall have at least three years experience in social sector.

(3) The tenure of a Protection Officer shall be a minimum period of three years.

(4) The State Government shall provide necessary office assistance to the Protection Officer for the efficient discharge of his or her functions under the Act and these rules.

4. Information to Protection Officers.— (1) Any person who has reason to believe that an act of domestic violence has been, or is being, or is likely to be committed may give information about it to the Protection Officer having jurisdiction in the area either orally or in writing.

(2) In case the information is given to the Protection Officer under sub-rule (1) orally he or she shall cause it to be reduced to in writing and shall ensure that the same is signed by the person giving such information and in case the informant is not in a position to furnish written information the Protection Officer shall satisfy and keep a record of the identity of the person giving such information.

(3) The Protection Officer shall give a copy of the information recorded by him immediately to the informant free of cost.

5. Domestic incident reports.— (1) Upon receipt of a complaint of domestic violence, the Protection Officer shall prepare a domestic incident report in Form I and submit the same to the Magistrate and forward copies thereof to the police officer in charge of the police station within the local limits of jurisdiction of which the domestic violence alleged to have been committed has taken place and to the service providers in that area.

(2) Upon a request of any aggrieved person a service provider may record a domestic incident report in Form I and forward a copy thereof to the Magistrate and the Protection Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the domestic violence is alleged to have taken place.

6. Applications to the Magistrate.— (1) Every application of the aggrieved person under section 12 shall be in Form II or as nearly as possible thereto.

(2) An aggrieved person may seek the assistance of the Protection Officer in preparing her application under sub-rule (1) and forwarding the same to the concerned Magistrate.

(3) In case the aggrieved person is illiterate, the Protection Officer shall read over the application and explain to her the contents thereof.

(4) The affidavit to be filed under sub-section (2) of section 23 shall be filed in Form III.

(5) The applications under section 12 shall be dealt with and the orders enforced in the same manner laid down under section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974).

7. Affidavit for obtaining *ex-parte* orders of Magistrate.— Every affidavit for obtaining *ex-parte* order under sub-section (2) of section 23 shall be filed in Form III.

8. Duties and functions of Protection Officers.— (1) It shall be the duty of the Protection Officer,—

(i) to assist the aggrieved person in making a complaint under the Act, if the aggrieved person so desires;

(ii) to provide her information on the rights of aggrieved persons under the Act as given in Form IV which shall be in English or in a vernacular local language;

(iii) to assist the person in making any application under section 12 or sub-section (2) of section 23 or any other provision of the Act or the rules made thereunder;

(iv) to prepare a “Safety Plan” including measures to prevent further domestic violence to the aggrieved person, in consultation with the aggrieved person in Form V, after making an assessment of the dangers involved in the situation and on an application being moved under section 12;

(v) to provide legal aid to the aggrieved person through the State Legal Aid Services Authority;

(vi) to assist the aggrieved person and any child in obtaining medical aid at a medical facility including providing transportation to get the medical facility;

(vii) to assist in obtaining transportation for the aggrieved person and any child to the shelter;

(viii) to inform the service providers registered under the Act that their services may be required in the proceedings under the Act and to invite applications from service providers seeking particulars of their members to be appointed as Counsellors in proceedings under the Act under sub-section (1) of section 14 or Welfare Experts under section 15;

(ix) to scrutinise the applications for appointment as Counsellors and forward a list of available Counsellors to the Magistrate;

(x) to revise once in three years the list of available Counsellors by inviting fresh applications and forward a revised list of Counsellors on the basis thereof to the concerned Magistrate;

(xi) to maintain a record and copies of the report and documents forwarded under sections 9, 12, 20, 21, 22, 23 or any other provisions of the Act or these rules;

(xii) to provide all possible assistance to the aggrieved person and the children to ensure that the aggrieved person is not victimized or pressurized as a consequence of reporting the incidence of domestic violence;

(xiii) to liaise between the aggrieved person or persons, police and service provider in the manner provided under the Act and these rules;

(xiv) to maintain proper records of the service providers, medical facility and shelter homes in the area of his jurisdiction.

(2) In addition to the duties and functions assigned to a Protection Officer under clauses (a) to (h) of sub-section (1) of section 9, it shall be the duty of every Protection Officer—

(a) to protect the aggrieved persons from domestic violence, in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these rules;

(b) to take all reasonable measures to prevent recurrence of domestic violence against the aggrieved person, in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these rules.

9. Action to be taken in cases of emergency.— If the Protection Officer or a service provider receives reliable information through e-mail or a telephone call or the like either from the aggrieved person or from any person who has reason to believe that an act of domestic violence is being or is likely to be committed and in a such an emergency situation, the Protection Officer or the service provider, as the case may be, shall seek immediate assistance of the police who shall accompany the Protection Officer or the service provider, as the case may be, to the place of occurrence and record the domestic incident report and present the same to the Magistrate without any delay for seeking appropriate orders under the Act.

10. Certain other duties of the Protection Officers.— (1) The Protection Officers, it directed to do so in writing, by the Magistrate shall—

(a) conduct a home visit of the shared household premises and make preliminary enquiry if the court requires clarification, in regard to granting *ex-parte* interim relief to the aggrieved person under the Act and pass an order for such home visit;

(b) after making appropriate inquiry, file a report on the emoluments, assets, bank accounts or any other documents as may be directed by the court;

(c) restore the possession of the personal effects including gifts and jewellery of the aggrieved person and the shared household to the aggrieved person;

(d) assist the aggrieved person to regain custody of children and secure rights to visit them under his supervision as may be directed by the court;

(e) assist the court in enforcement of orders in the proceedings under the Act in the manner directed by the Magistrate, including orders under section 12, section 18, section 19, section 20, section 21 or section 23 in such manner as may be directed by the court;

(f) take the assistance of the police, if required, in confiscating any weapon involved in the alleged domestic violence.

(2) The Protection Officer shall also perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the State Government or the Magistrate in giving effect to the provisions of the Act and these rules from time to time.

(3) The Magistrate may, in addition to the orders for effective relief in any case, also issue directions relating general practice for better handling of the cases, to the Protection Officers within his jurisdiction and the Protection Officers shall be bound to carry out the same.

11. Registration of service providers.— (1) Any voluntary association registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860) or a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) or any other law for time being in force with the objective of protecting the rights and interests of women by any lawful means including providing of legal aid, medical, financial or other assistance and desirous of providing service as a service provider under the Act shall make an application under sub-section (1) of section 10 for registration as service provider in Form VI to the State Government.

(2) The State Government shall, after making such enquiry as it may consider necessary and after satisfying itself about the suitability of the applicant, register it as a service provider and issue a certificate of such registration:

Provided that no such application shall be rejected without giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard.

(3) Every association or company seeking registration under sub-section (1) of section 10 shall possess the following eligibility criteria, namely:—

(a) It should have been rendering the kind of services it is offering under the Act for at least three years before the date of application for registration under the Act and these rules as a service provider.

(b) In case an applicant for registration is running a medical facility, or a psychiatric counselling centre, or a vocational training institution, the State Government shall ensure that the applicant fulfils the requirements for running such a facility or institution laid down by the respective regulatory authorities regulating the respective professions or institutions.

(c) In case an applicant for registration is running a shelter home, the State Government shall, through an officer or any authority or agency authorised by it, inspect the shelter home, prepare a report and record its finding on the report, detailing that—

(i) the maximum capacity of such shelter home for intake of persons seeking shelter;

(ii) the place is secure for running a shelter home for women and that adequate security arrangements can be put in place for the shelter home;

(iii) the shelter home has a record of maintaining a functional telephone connection or other communication media for the use of the inmates.

(3) The State Government shall provide a list of service providers in the various localities to the concerned Protection Officers and also publish such list of newspapers or on its website.

(4) The Protection Officer shall maintain proper records by way of maintenance of registers duly indexed, containing the details of the service providers.

12. Means of service of notices.— (1) The notices for appearance in respect of the proceedings under the Act shall contain the names of the person alleged to have committed domestic violence, the nature of domestic violence and such other details which may facilitate the identification of person concerned.

(2) The service of notices shall be made in the following manner, namely:—

(a) The notices in respect of the proceedings under the Act shall be served by the Protection Officer or any other person directed by him to serve the notice, on behalf of the Protection Officer, at the address where the respondent is stated to be ordinarily residing in India by the complainant or aggrieved person or where the respondent is stated to be gainfully employed by the complainant or aggrieved person, as the case may be.

(b) The notice shall be delivered to any person in charge of such place at the moment and in case of such delivery not being possible it shall be pasted at a conspicuous place on the premises.

(c) For serving the notices under section 13 or any other provision of the Act, the provisions under Order V of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 (5 of 1908) or the provisions under Chapter VI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) as far as practicable may be adopted.

(d) Any order passed for such service of notices shall entail the same consequences, as an order passed under Order V of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 or Chapter VI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 respectively, depending upon the procedure found efficacious for making an order for such service under section 13 or any other provision of the Act and in addition to the procedure prescribed under the Order V or Chapter VI, the court may direct any other steps necessary with a view to expediting the proceedings to adhere to the time limit provided in the Act.

(3) On a statement on the date fixed for appearance of the respondent, or a report of the person authorized to serve the notices under the Act, that service has been effected appropriate orders shall be passed by the court on any pending application for interim relief, after hearing the complainant or the respondent, or both.

(4) When a protection order is passed restraining the respondent from entering the shared household or the respondent is ordered to stay away or not to contact the petitioner, no action of the aggrieved person including an invitation by the aggrieved person shall be considered as waiving the restraint imposed on the respondent, by the order of the court, unless such protection order is duly modified in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 25.

13. Appointment of Counsellors.— (1) A person from the list of available Counsellors forwarded by the Protection Officer, shall be appointed as a Counsellor, under intimation to the aggrieved person.

(2) The following persons shall not be eligible to be appointed as Counsellors in any proceedings, namely:-

(i) any person who is interested or connected with the subject matter of the dispute or is related to any one of the parties or to those who represent them unless such objection is waived by all the parties in writing.

(ii) any legal practitioner who has appeared for the respondent in the case or any other suit or proceedings connected therewith.

(3) The Counsellors shall as far as possible be women.

14. Procedure to be followed by Counsellors.— (1) The Counsellor shall work under the general supervision of the court or the Protection Officer or both.

(2) The Counsellor shall convene a meeting at a place convenient to the aggrieved person or both the parties.

(3) The factors warranting counselling shall include the factor that the respondent shall furnish an undertaking that he would refrain from causing such domestic violence as complained by the complainant and in appropriate cases an undertaking that he will not try to meet, or communicate in any manner through letter or telephone, electronic mail or through any medium except in the counselling proceedings before the counsellor or as permissibly by law or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(4) The Counsellor shall conduct the counselling proceedings bearing in mind that the counselling shall be in the nature of getting an assurance, that the incidence of domestic violence shall not get repeated.

(5) The respondent shall not be allowed to plead any counter justification for the alleged act of domestic violence in counselling the fact that and any justification for the act of domestic violence by the respondent is not allowed to be a part of the counselling proceeding should be made known to the respondent, before the proceedings begin.

(6) The respondent shall furnish an undertaking to the Counsellor that he would refrain from causing such domestic violence as complained by the aggrieved person and in appropriate cases an undertaking that he will not try to meet, or communicate in any manner through letter or telephone, e-mail, or through any other medium except in the counselling proceedings before the Counsellor.

(7) If the aggrieved person so desires, the Counsellor shall make efforts of arriving at a settlement of the matter.

(8) The limited scope of the efforts of the Counsellor shall be to arrive at the understanding of the grievances of the aggrieved person and the best possible redressal of her grievances and the efforts shall be to focus on evolving remedies or measures for such redressal.

(9) The Counsellor shall strive to arrive at a settlement of the dispute by suggesting measures for redressal of grievances of the aggrieved person by taking into account the measures or remedies suggested by the parties for counselling and reformulating the terms for the settlement, wherever required.

(10) The Counsellor shall not be bound by the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, or the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, and his action shall be guided by the principles of fairness and justice and aimed at finding way to bring an end to domestic violence to the satisfaction of the aggrieved person and in making such an effort the Counsellor shall give due regard to the wishes and sensibilities of the aggrieved person.

(11) The Counsellor shall submit his report to the Magistrate as expeditiously as possible for appropriate action.

(12) In the event the Counsellor arrives at a resolution of the dispute, he shall record the terms of settlement and get the same endorsed by the parties.

(13) The court may, on being satisfied about the efficacy of the solution and after making a preliminary enquiry from the parties and after, recording reasons for such satisfaction, which may include undertaking by the respondents to refrain from repeating acts of domestic violence, admitted to have been committed by the respondents, accept the terms with or without conditions.

(14) The court shall, on being so satisfied with the report of counselling, pass an order, recording the terms of the settlement or an order modifying the terms of the settlement on being so requested by the aggrieved person, with the consent of the parties.

(15) In cases, where a settlement cannot be arrived at in the counselling proceedings, the Counsellor shall report the failure of such proceedings to the Court and the court shall proceed with the case in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(16) The record of proceedings shall not be deemed to be material on record in the case on the basis of which any inference may be drawn or an order may be passed solely based on it.

(17) The Court shall pass an order under section 25, only after being satisfied that the application for such an order is not vitiated by force, fraud or coercion or any other factor and the reasons for such satisfaction shall be recorded in writing in the order, which may include any undertaking or surety given by the respondent.

15. Breach of Protection Orders.— (1) An aggrieved person may report a breach of protection order or an interim protection order to the Protection Officer.

(2) Every report referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be in writing by the informant and duly signed by her.

(3) The Protection Officer shall forward a copy of such complaint with a copy of the protection order of which a breach is alleged to have taken place to the concerned Magistrate for appropriate orders.

(4) The aggrieved person may, if she so desires, make a complaint of breach of protection order or interim protection order directly to the Magistrate or the Police, if she so chooses.

(5) If, at any time after a protection order has been breached, the aggrieved person seeks his assistance, the protection officer shall immediately rescue her by seeking help from the local police station and assist the aggrieved person to lodge a report to the local police authorities in appropriate cases.

(6) When charges are framed under section 31 or in respect of offences under section 498A of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (45 of 1860), or any other offence not summarily triable, the Court may separate the proceedings for such offences to be tried in the manner prescribed under Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) and proceed to summarily try the offence of the breach of Protection Order under section 31, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974).

(7) Any resistance to the enforcement of the orders of the Court under the Act by the respondent or any other person purportedly acting on his behalf shall be deemed to be a breach of protection order or an interim protection order covered under the Act.

(8) A breach of a protection order or an interim protection order shall immediately be reported to the local police station having territorial jurisdiction and shall be dealt with as a cognizable offence as provided under sections 31 and 32.

(9) While enlarging the person on bail arrested under the Act, the Court may, by order, impose the following conditions to protect the aggrieved person and to ensure the presence of the accused before the court, which may include—

(a) an order restraining the accused from threatening to commit or committing an act of domestic violence;

(b) an order preventing the accused from harassing, telephoning or making any contact with the aggrieved person;

(c) an order directing the accused to vacate and stay away from the residence of the aggrieved person or any place she is likely to visit;

(d) an order prohibiting the possession or use of firearm or any other dangerous weapon;

(e) an order prohibiting the consumption of alcohol or other drugs;

(f) any other order required for protection, safety and adequate relief to the aggrieved person.

16. Shelter to the aggrieved person.— (1) On a request being made by the aggrieved person, the Protection Officer or a service provider may make a request under section 6 to the person in charge of a shelter home in writing, clearly stating that the application is being made under section 6.

(2) When a Protection Officer makes a request referred to in sub-rule (1), it shall be accompanied by a copy of the domestic incident report registered, under section 9 or under section 10:

Provided that shelter home shall not refuse shelter to an aggrieved person under the Act, for her not having lodged a domestic incident report, prior to the making of request for shelter in the shelter home.

(3) If the aggrieved person so desires, the shelter home shall not disclose the identity of the aggrieved person in the shelter home or communicate the same to the person complained against.

17. Medical facility to the aggrieved person.— (1) The aggrieved person or the Protection Officer or the service provider may make a request under section 7 to a person in charge of a medical facility in writing, clearly stating that the application is being made under section 7.

(2) When a protection Officer makes such a request, it shall be accompanied by a copy of the domestic incident report:

Provided that the medical facility shall not refuse medical assistance to an aggrieved person under the Act, for her not having lodged a domestic incident report, prior to making a request for medical assistance or examination to the medical facility.

(3) If no domestic incident report has been made, the person-in-charge of the medical facility shall fill in Form I and forward the same to the local Protection Officer.

(4) The medical facility shall supply a copy of the medical examination report to the aggrieved person free of cost.

FORM I

[See rule 5(1) and (2) and 17 (3)]

**Domestic Incident Report under sections 9 (b) and 37 (2) (c) of the Protection
of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (43 of 2005)**

1. Details of the complainant/aggrieved person

- (1) Name of the complainant/aggrieved person:
- (2) Age:
- (3) Address of the shared household:
- (4) Present Address:
- (5) Phone Number, if any:

2. Details of Respondents:

S. No.	Name	Relationship with the aggrieved person	Address	Telephone No. if any

2. Details of children, if any, of the aggrieved person:

- (a) Number of children:
- (b) Details of children:

Name	Age	Sex	With whom at present residing

3. Incidents of domestic violence:

S. No.	Date, place and time of violence	Person who caused domestic violence	Types of violence	Remarks
			Physical violence	
			Causing hurt of any kind, please specify	
(i) Sexual violence				
Please tick mark [✓] the column applicable				
			<input type="checkbox"/> Forced sexual intercourse <input type="checkbox"/> Forced to watch pornography or other obscene material <input type="checkbox"/> Forcibly using you to entertain others <input type="checkbox"/> Any other act of sexual nature, abusing, humiliating, degrading or otherwise violative of your dignity (please specify details in the space provided below):	

\ (ii) verbal and emotional abuse				
			<input type="checkbox"/> Accusation/aspersion on your character or conduct, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Insult for not bringing dowry, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Insult for not having a male child <input type="checkbox"/> Insult for not having any child <input type="checkbox"/> Demeaning, humiliating or undermining remarks/ /statement <input type="checkbox"/> Ridicule <input type="checkbox"/> Name calling <input type="checkbox"/> Forcing you to not attend school, college or any other educational institution <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing you from taking up a job <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing you from leaving the house <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing you from meeting any particular person <input type="checkbox"/> Forcing you to get married against your will <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing you from marrying a person of your choice <input type="checkbox"/> Forcing you to marry a person of his/their own choice <input type="checkbox"/> Any other verbal or emotional abuse (please specify in the space provided below)	
(iii) Economic violence				
			<input type="checkbox"/> Not providing money for maintaining you or your children <input type="checkbox"/> Not providing food, clothes, medicine, etc., for you or your children <input type="checkbox"/> Forcing you out of the house you live in <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing you from accessing or using any part of the house <input type="checkbox"/> Preventing or obstructing you from carrying on your employment.	

			<input type="checkbox"/> Not allowing you to take up an employment <input type="checkbox"/> Non-payment of rent in case of a rented accommodation <input type="checkbox"/> Not allowing you to use clothes or articles of general household use <input type="checkbox"/> Selling or pawning your stridhan or any other valuables without informing you and without your consent <input type="checkbox"/> Forcibly taking away your salary, income or wages etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Disposing your stridhan <input type="checkbox"/> Non payment of other bills such as electricity, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Any other economic violence (please specify in the space provided below)	
(iv) Dowry related harassment				
			<input type="checkbox"/> Demands for dowry made, please specify: <input type="checkbox"/> Any other detail with regard to dowry, please specify whether details of dowry items, stridhan, etc. attached with the form <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
(v) Any other information regarding acts of domestic violence against you or your children				

(Signature or thumb impression of the complainant/aggrieved person)

4. List of documents attached

Name of document	Date	Any other detail
Medico legal certificate		
Doctor's certificate or any other prescription		
List of Stridhan		
Any other document		

6. Order that you need under the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005

S. No.	Orders	Yes/No	Any other
(1)	Protection order under section 18		
(2)	Residence order under section 19		
(3)	Maintenance order under section 20		
(4)	Custody order under section 21		
(5)	Compensation order under section 22		
(6)	Any other order (specify)		

7. Assistance that you need

S. No.	Assistance available	Yes/No	Nature of assistance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
(1)	Counsellor		
(2)	Police Assistance		
(3)	Assistance for initiating criminal proceedings		
(4)	Shelter home		
(5)	Medical facilities		
(6)	Legal aid		

8. Instruction for the Police Officer assisting registration of a Domestic Incident Report

Wherever the information provided in this Form discloses an offence under the Indian Penal Code any other law, the police officer shall,—

(a) inform the aggrieved person that she can also initiate criminal proceeding by lodging a First Information Report under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1973).

(b) if the aggrieved person does not want to initiate criminal proceedings, then make duly daily entry as per the information contained in the domestic incident report with terms that the aggrieved person due to the instance nature of the relationship with the accused wants to pursue the Civil remedies for protection against domestic violence and has requested that on the basis of the information received by her, the matter has been kept pending for appropriate enquiry before registration of an FIR.

(c) if any physical injury or pain being reported by the aggrieved person, offer immediate medical assistance and get the aggrieved person medically examined.

Place: (Counter signature of Protection Officer/Service Provider)

Date: Name:

Address:

(Seal)

Copy forwarded to:

1. Local Police Station
2. Service Provider/Protection Officer
3. Aggrieved person
4. Magistrate

FORM II

[See rule 6(1)]

Application to the Magistrate under section 12 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (43 of 2005)

To

The Court of Magistrate

.....
.....
.....
.....

Application under section _____ of the
Protection of Women from Domestic Violence
Act, 2005 (43 of 2005).

SHOWETH:

1. That the application under section _____ of Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 is being filed alongwith a copy of Domestic Incident Report by the :-

- (a) Aggrieved person ☐
 - (b) Protection Officer ☐
 - (c) Any other person on behalf of the aggrieved person ☐
- (tick whichever is applicable)

2. It is prayed that the Hon'ble court may take cognizance of the complaint/Domestic Incident Report and pass all/any of the orders, as deemed necessary in the circumstances of the case.

- (a) Pass protection orders under section 18 and/or
- (b) Pass residence orders under section 19 and/or
- (c) Direct the respondent to pay monetary relief under section 20 and/or
- (d) Pass orders under section 21 of the act and/or
- (e) Direct the respondent to grant compensation or damages under section 22 and/or
- (f) Pass such interim orders as the court deems just and proper
- (g) Pass any orders as deems fit in the circumstances of the case.

3. Orders required:

(i) Protection Order under section 18

- ☐ Prohibiting acts of domestic violence by granting an injunction against the Respondents from repeating any of the acts mentioned in terms of column 4(a)/(b)/(c)/(d)/(e)/(f)/(g) of the application.
- ☐ Prohibiting Respondent(s) from entering the school/college/workplace.

- ☐ Prohibiting from stopping you from going to your place of employment.
- ☐ Prohibiting Respondent(s) from entering the school/college/any other place of your children.
- ☐ Prohibiting from stopping you from going to your school.
- ☐ Prohibiting any form of communication by the Respondent with you.
- ☐ Prohibiting alienation of assets by the Respondent.
- ☐ Prohibiting operation of joint bank lockers/accounts by the Respondent and allowing the aggrieved person to operate the same.
- ☐ Directing the Respondent to stay away from the dependants/relatives/any other person of the aggrieved person to prohibit violence against them.
- ☐ Any other order, please specify

(ii) Residence Order under section 19

- ☐ An order restraining Respondent(s) from
- ☐ Dispossessing or throwing me out from the shared household
- ☐ Entering that portion of the shared household in which I reside
- ☐ Alienating/disposing/encumbering the shared household
- ☐ Renouncing his rights in the shared household
- ☐ An order entitling me continued access to my personal effects
- ☐ An order directing Respondent(s) to
 - ° Remove himself from the shared household
 - ° Secure same level of alternate accommodation or pay rent for the same.

Any other order, please specify

(iii) Monetary reliefs under section 20

Loss of earnings, Amount claimed

Medical expenses, Amount claimed

Loss due to destruction/damage or removal of property from the control of the aggrieved person.

Amount claimed

Any other loss or physical or mental injury as specified in clause 10 (d)

Amount claimed

Total amount claimed

Any other order, please specify

(iv) Monetary reliefs under section 20

- ☐ Directing the Respondent to pay the following expenses as monetary relief
- ☐ Food, clothes, medications and other basic necessities, Amount per month
- ☐ School fees and related expenses Amount per month
- ☐ Household expenses Amount per month
- ☐ Any other expenses Amount per month
- Total per month
- ☐ Any other order, please specify

(v) Custody Order under section 21

Direct the Respondent to hand over the custody of the child or children to the-

- ☐ Aggrieved Person ☐ Any other person on her behalf, details of such person

(vi) Compensation order under section 22

(vii) Any other order, please specify

4. Details of previous litigation, if any

- (a) ☐ Under the Indian Penal Code, Sections Pending in the Court of

- ☐ Disposed off, details of relief

- (b) ☐ Under CrPC, Sections Pending in the Court of

- ☐ Disposed off, details of relief

- (c) ☐ Under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1956, Sections Pending in the Court of

- ☐ Disposed off, details of relief

- (d) ☐ Under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956, Sections Pending in the Court of

- ☐ Disposed off, details of relief

- (e) ☐ Application for Maintenance, under Sectionunder

Act

Interim maintenance Rs. p.m.

Maintenance granted Rs. p.m.

(f) ☐ Whether Respondent was sent to Judicial Custody

☐ For less than a week ☐ For less than a month

☐ For more than a month

Specify period

--

(g) Any other order

--

Prayer:

It is therefore, most respectfully prayed that this Hon'ble Court be pleased to grant the relief(s) claimed therein and pass such order or orders other order as this Hon'ble Court may deem fit and proper under the given facts and circumstances of the case for protecting the aggrieved person from domestic violence and in the interest of justice.

Place:

COMPLAINANT/AGGRIEVED PERSON
THROUGH

Dated:

COUNSEL

VERIFICATION:

Verified at (place) on this day of that the contents of paras 1 to 12 of the above application are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and nothing material has been concealed therefrom.

DEPONENT

Countersignature of Protection Officer with date

FORM III

[See rule 6 (4) and 7]

Affidavit under section 23 (2) of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005
In the Court of, MM,

P/S:

In the Matter of:

Ms. & Others

— Complainant

Versus

Mr. & Others

— Respondent

Affidavit

I,, W/o Mr., R/o
D/o Mr., R/o
presently residing at do hereby solemnly affirm and
declare on oath as under:

1. That I am the Applicant in the accompanying application for filed for myself and for my daughter/son.

2. That I am the natural guardian of
3. That being conversant with the facts and circumstances of the case I am competent to swear this affidavit.
4. That the Deponent had been living with the Respondent/s at since to
5. That the details provided in the present application for the grant of relief under Section(s) have been entered into by me/at my instructions.
6. That the contents of the application have been read over, explained to me in English/Hindi/any other local language (Please specify).
7. That the contents of the said application may be read as part of this affidavit and are not repeated herein for the sake of brevity.
8. That the applicant apprehends repetition of the acts of domestic violence by the Respondent(s) against which relief is sought in the accompanying application.
9. That the Respondent has threatened the Applicant that
.....
.....
.....
10. That the reliefs claimed in the accompanying application are urgent in as much as the applicant would face great financial hardship and would be forced to live under threat of repetition/escalation of acts of domestic violence complained of in the accompanying application by the Respondent(s) if the said reliefs are not granted on an ex-parte ad-interim basis.
11. That the facts mentioned herein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and nothing material has been concealed therefrom.

DEPONENT

Verification:

Verified at on this day of 20 that the contents of the above affidavit are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and no part of it is false and nothing material has been concealed therefrom.

DEPONENT

FORM IV

[See rule 8(1) (ii)]

**Information on rights of aggrieved persons under the Protection of
Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005**

If you are beaten up, threatened or harassed in your home by a person with whom you reside in the same house, then you are facing domestic violence. The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005, gives you the right to claim protection and assistance against domestic violence.

You can receive protection and assistance under the Act, if the person(s) with whom you are/were residing in the same house, commits any of the following acts of violence against you or a child in your care and custody—

1. Physical Violence:

For example—

- (i) Beating
- (ii) Slapping
- (iii) Hitting
- (iv) Biting
- (v) Kicking
- (vi) Punching
- (vii) Pushing
- (viii) Shoving or
- (ix) Causing bodily pain or injury in any other manner.

2. Sexual Violence:

For example—

- (i) Forced sexual intercourse;
- (ii) Forces you to look at pornography or any other obscene pictures or material;
- (iii) Any act of sexual nature to abuse, humiliate or degrade you, or which is otherwise violative of your dignity or any other unwelcome conduct of sexual nature;
- (iv) Child sexual abuse.

3. Verbal and Emotional Violence:

For example—

- (i) Insults;
- (ii) Name-calling;
- (iii) Accusations on your character or conduct etc.
- (iv) Insults for not having a male child;
- (v) Insults for not bringing dowry etc.;
- (vi) Preventing you or a child in your custody from attending school, college or any other educational institution;
- (vii) Preventing you from taking up a job;
- (viii) Forcing you to leave your job;

- (ix) Preventing you or a child in your custody from leaving the house;
- (x) Preventing you from meeting any person in the normal course of events;
- (xi) Forcing you to get married when you do not want to marry;
- (xii) Preventing you from marrying a person of your own choice;
- (xiii) Forcing you to marry a particular person of his/their own choice;
- (xiv) Threat to commit suicide;
- (xv) Any other verbal or emotional abuse.

4. Economic Violence:

For example—

- (i) Not providing you money for maintaining you or your children;
- (ii) Not providing food, clothes, medicines etc., for you or your children;
- (iii) Stopping you from carrying on your employment or;
- (iv) Disturbing you in carrying on your employment;
- (v) Not allowing you to take up an employment or;
- (vi) Taking away your income from your salary, wages etc., or;
- (vii) Not allowing you to use your salary, wages etc.;
- (viii) Forcing you out of the house you live in;
- (ix) Stopping you from accessing or using any part of the house;
- (x) Not allowing use of clothes, articles or things of general household use;
- (xi) Not paying rent if staying in a rented accommodation, etc.

3. If an act of domestic violence is committed against you by a person/s with whom you are/were residing in the same house, you can get all or any of the following orders against the person(s)-

(a) Under section 18:

- (i) To stop committing any further acts of domestic violence on you or your children.
- (ii) To give you the possession of your stridhan, jewellery, clothes etc.
- (iii) Not to operate the joint bank accounts or lockers without permission of the court.

(b) Under section 19:

- (i) Not to stop you from residing in the house where you were residing with the person/s.
- (ii) Not to disturb or interfere with your peaceful enjoyment of residence.
- (iii) Not to dispose off the house in which you are residing.
- (iv) If your residence is a rented property then either to ensure payment of rent or secure any other suitable alternative accommodation which offers you the same security and facilities as earlier residence.

- (v) Not to give up the rights in the property in which you are residing without the permission of the court.
- (vi) Not to take any loan against the house/property in which you are residing or mortgage it or create any other financial liability involving the property.
- (vii) Any or all of the following orders for your safety requiring the person/s to—

(c) General Order:

- (i) Stop the domestic violence complained/reported.

(d) Special Orders:

- (i) Remove himself/stay away from your place of residence or workplace.
- (ii) Stop making any attempts to meet you.
- (iii) Stop calling you over phone or making any attempts to communicate with you by letter, e-mail etc.
- (iv) Stop talking to you about marriage or forcing you to meet a particular person of his/their choice for marriage.
- (v) Stay away from the school of your child/children, or any other place where you and your children visit.
- (vi) Surrender possession of firearms, any other weapon or any other dangerous substance.
- (vii) Not to acquire possession of firearms, any other weapon or any other dangerous substance and not to be in possession of any similar article.
- (viii) Not to consume alcohol or drugs with similar effect which led to domestic violence in the past.
- (ix) Any other measure required for ensuring your or your children's safety.

(e) An order for interim monetary relief under sections 20 and 22 including:

- (i) Maintenance for you or your children.
- (ii) Compensation for physical injury including medical expenses.
- (iii) Compensation for mental torture and emotional distress.
- (iv) Compensation for loss of earning.
- (v) Compensation for loss caused by destruction, damage, removal of any property from your possession or control.

Note:— I. Any of the above relief can be granted on an interim basis, as soon as you make complaint of domestic violence and present your application for any of the relief before court.

A complaint of domestic violence made in Form I under the Act is called a “Domestic Incident Report”.

If you are a victim of domestic violence, you have the following rights:

- (i) The assistance of a protection officer and service providers to inform you about your rights and the relief which you can get under the Act under section 5.
- (ii) The assistance of protection officer, service providers or the officer in charge of the nearest police station to assist you in registering your complaint and filing an application for relief under sections 9 and 10.

- (iii) To receive protection for you and your children from acts of domestic violence under section 18.
- (iv) You have right to measures and orders protecting you against the particular dangers or insecurities you or your child are facing.
- (v) To stay in the house where you suffered domestic violence and to seek restraint on other persons residing in the same house, from interfering with or disturbing peaceful enjoyment of the house and the amenities facilities therein, by you or your children under section 19.
- (vi) To regain possession of your stridhan, jewellery, clothes, articles of daily use and other household goods under section 18.
- (vii) To get medical assistance shelter counselling and legal aid under sections 6, 7, 9 and 14.
- (viii) To restrain the person committing domestic violence against you from contacting you or communicating with you in any manner under section 18.
- (ix) To get compensation for any physical or mental injury or any other monetary loss due to domestic violence under section 22.
- (x) To file complaint or applications for relief under the Act directly to the court under sections 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23.
- (xi) To get the copies of the complaint filed by you, applications made by you, reports of any medical or other examination that you or your child undergo.
- (xii) To get copies of any statements recorded by any authority in connection with Domestic Violence.
- (xiii) The assistance of the Protection Officer or the Police to rescue you from any danger.

5. The person providing the form should ensure that the details of all the registered service providers are entered in the manner and space provided below. The following is the list of service providers in the area:

Name of Organization	Service provided	Contact details

Continue the list on a separate sheet, if necessary

FORM V

[See rule 8(1) (iv)]

SAFETY PLAN

1. When a Protection Officer, Police Officer or any other service provider is assisting the woman in providing details in this form, then details in columns C and D are to be filled in by the Protection Officer, Police Officer or any other service provider, as the case may be, in consultation with the complainant and with her consent.
2. The aggrieved person in case of approaching the court directly may herself provide details in columns C and D.
3. If the aggrieved person leaves columns C and D blank and approaches the court directly, then details in the said columns are to be provided by the Protection Officer to the court in consultation with the complainant and with her consent.

	A	B	C	D	E
Sl. No.	Violence by the Respondent	Consequences of violence mentioned in Column A suffered by the Aggrieved Person	Apprehensions of the Aggrieved Person regarding violence mentioned in Column A	Measures required for safety	Orders sought from the court
1.	Physical violence by the Respondent	Complainant's perception that she and her children are at risk of repetition of physical violence	(a) Repetition (b) Escalation (c) Fear of injury (d) Any other, specify		
2.	Any sexual act abusing, humiliating or degrading, otherwise violative of your dignity	(a) Depression (b) At risk of repetition of such an act (c) Facing attempts to commit such acts	(a) Repetition (b) Escalation (c) Any other, specify		
3.	Attempts at strangulation	(a) Physical injury (b) Mental ill health (c) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition (b) Any other, specify		
4.	Beating to the children	(a) Injury to the children (b) Adverse mental effect of the same on the children (c) Any other, specify	(a) Risk of repetition (b) Adverse effect of violent behaviour/ environment on the child		
5.	Threats to commit suicide by the Respondent	(a) Violent environment in the house (b) Threat to safety (c) Any other, specify	(a) Actually trying to commit the same (b) Repetition (c) Any other, specify		

	A	B	C	D	E
6.	Attempts to commit suicide by the Respondent	(a) Violent environment in the house (b) Insecurity, anxiety, depression, mental trauma (c) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition, escalation, aggravation of the same (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify		
7.	Psychological & Emotional abuse of the Complainant the insults, ridicule, name calling, insults for not having a male child, false accusations of unchastity, etc.	(a) Depression (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Unsuitable atmosphere for the child/children (d) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition, escalation, aggravation of the same (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify		
8.	Making verbal threats to cause harm to the aggrieved person/her children/parents/ /relatives	(a) Living in constant fear (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify	(a) Respondent may carry out the mentioned threats (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify		
9.	Forcing not to attend school/college/any other educational institution	(a) Depression (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify		
10.	Forcing to get married when do not want to/forcing not to marry a person of choice/forcing to marry a particular person of Respondent/s choice	(a) Depression (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Fear of being married forcibly (d) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition (b) Mental trauma, pain (c) Any other, specify.		
11.	Threatening to kidnap the child/children	(a) Living in constant fear (b) Threat to the child/ /children's safety (c) Any other, specify	(a) Children might be kidnapped (b) Any other, specify		
12.	Actually causing harm to the aggrieved person/children/ /relatives	(a) Living in constant fear of further harm (b) Any other, specify	(a) Repetition (b) Escalation (c) Fear of injury (d) Any other, specify		

	A	B	C	D	E
13.	Substance abuse (drugs/alcohol)	(a) Living in constant fear of abusive and violent behaviour by the Respondent due to substance abuse (b) Deprived of leading a normal life (c) Any other, specify	(a) Physical violence after consuming the same (b) Abusive behaviour after consuming the same (c) Non payment of maintenance/household expenses (d) Any other, specify		
14.	History of criminal behaviour	(a) Constant fear of violence (b) Fear of revenge by the Respondent	(a) Respondent has a tendency to violate law and is likely to flout orders passed by the court against him (b) Respondent might cause harm to the aggrieved person/ /children for filing any further proceedings (c) Any other, specify		
15.	Not provided money towards maintenance, food, clothes, medicines, etc.	(a) Driven towards vagrancy and destitution (b) Any other, specify	(a) Have to face great hardship to fulfill the needs and requirements of her child/children and herself (b) Any other, specify		
16.	Stopped, disturbed from carrying on employment or not allowed to take up the same	(a) Not able to fulfill the basic needs for yourself and your children (b) Any other, specify	(a) Have to face great hardship to fulfill the needs and requirements of her child/children and herself (b) Any other, specify		
17.	Forced out of the house stopped from accessing or using any part of the house or prevented from leaving the same	(a) Having no place to stay for yourself and your children (b) Being restricted to a particular area of the house	(a) Safety of her child/children and herself (b) Have to face great hardship in providing shelter for her and her children (c) Any other, specify		

	A	B	C	D	E
18.	Not allowed use of clothes, articles or things of general household use	(a) Losing possession of the same (b) Not having resources to replace the same	(a) The same may be disposed off by the Respondent (b) Any other, specify		
19.	Non payment of rent in case of a rented accommodation	(a) Being asked to leave the same by the owner on such non payment (b) No alternate accommodation to go to (c) No income to afford a rented accommodation	(a) Losing shelter (b) Facing great hardship (c) Any other, specify		
20.	Sold, pawned stridhan or any other valuables without informing or without consent	(a) Loss of valuables or property (b) Any other, specify	(a) The same may be disposed off by the Respondent (b) Any other, specify		
21.	Dispossessed of stridhan	(a) Deprived of the property in her possession (b) Any other, specify	(a) The same may be disposed off by the Respondent (b) Fear of never receiving the same again (c) Any other, specify		
22.	Breach of civil/criminal court order, specify order	Please specify	Please specify		

Signature
Aggrieved Person

Signature
Service Provider/Protection
Officer/Police Officer

FORM VI

[See rule 11 (1)]

**Form for registration as service providers under section 10(1) of the
Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005**

1.	Name of the applicant	
2.	Address alongwith Phone number, e-mail address, if any	
3.	Services being rendered	<input type="checkbox"/> Shelter <input type="checkbox"/> Psychiatric Counselling <input type="checkbox"/> Family Counselling <input type="checkbox"/> Vocational Training Centre <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Assistance <input type="checkbox"/> Awareness Programme <input type="checkbox"/> Counselling for a group of people who are victims of domestic violence and family disputes <input type="checkbox"/> Any other, specify
4.	Number of persons employed for providing such services	
5.	Whether providing the required services in your institution requires certain statutory minimum professional qualification? If yes, please specify and give details.	
6.	Whether list of names of the persons and the capacity in which they are working and their professional qualification is attached?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
7.	Period for which the services are being rendered:	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 years <input type="checkbox"/> 4 years <input type="checkbox"/> 5 years <input type="checkbox"/> 6 years <input type="checkbox"/> More than 6 years
8.	Whether registered under any law/regulation	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	If yes, give the registration number	
9.	Whether requirements prescribed by any regulatory body or law fulfilled?	
	If yes, the name and address of the regulatory body:	
Note:- In case of a shelter home, details under columns 10 to 18 are to be entered by registering authority after inspection of the shelter home.		

10.	Whether there is adequate space in the shelter home	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
11.	Measured area of the entire premises	
12.	Number of rooms	
13.	Area of the rooms	
14.	Details of security arrangements available	
15.	Whether a record available for maintaining a functional telephone connection for the use of inmates for the last 3 years	
16.	Distance of the nearest dispensary/clinic/ /medical facility	
17.	Whether any arrangement for regular visits by a medical professional has been made? If yes, name of the Medical Professional	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Address

Contact Number

Qualification

Specialization

18. Any other facilities available, specify

Note:— In case of a counselling centre, details under columns 19 to 25 are to be entered after inspection by registering authority.

19. Number of counsellors in the centre

20. Minimum qualification of the counsellors, specify

- ☐ Under graduate ☐ Graduate ☐ Post graduate
☐ Diploma holder ☐ Professional degree
☐ Any other, specify

21. Experience of the counsellors

- ☐ Less than a year ☐ 1 year ☐ 2 years
☐ 3 years ☐ More than 3 years

22. Professional qualification/experience of counsellors

- ☐ Professional degree
☐ Experience in family counselling as a (designation) in the (Name of the organization)
☐ Experience in psychiatric counselling as (designation) in the (Name of the organization)
☐ Any other relevant experience, please specify

23. Whether a list of names of counsellors along with their qualifications has been annexed

- ☐ Yes No ☐

24. (A) Type of counselling provided

- ☐ Supportive one-to-one counselling
☐ Cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT) {Mental process that people use to remember, reason, understand, solve problems and judge things}
☐ Providing counselling to a group of people suffering
☐ Family counselling

25. (B) Facilities provided

- ☐ Offering personal professional and confidential counselling sessions
☐ A safe environment to discuss problems and express emotions
☐ Information on counselling services, support groups and mental health care resources
☐ One-to-one counselling and group work
☐ Therapies, ongoing counselling and health related support

☐ Any other, please specify

24 (C) Any other service

(1) Services being provided

(2) Personnel appointed

(3) Statutory minimum qualifications required for providing such service

(4) Whether a list of name of Personnel engaged for providing service along with their professional qualification is annexed

☐ Yes ☐ No

(5) Any other details which the service provider desirous of registration may provide

..... If necessary continue on a separate sheet.

Place:

Date:

Signature of authorized official

Designation:

(Seal)

FORM VII

[See rule 11(1)]

**Notice for Appearance under section 13 (1) of the Protection of
Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005**

In the Court of

P/S:

In the Matter of:

Ms. Complainant

Versus

Mr. Respondent

To

Mr.

S/o

R/o.....

.....

.....

Whereas the Petitioner has filed an application(s) under section of the
Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (43 of 2005);

You are hereby directed to appear before this Court on the day of
20..... at o'clock in the noon personally or through a
duly authorized Counsel of this Court to show cause why the relief(s) claimed by the Applicant
against you should not be granted failing which the Court shall proceed *ex parte* against you.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court of on the day
of..... 20

Signature

Seal of the Court

[F. No. 19-3/2005-WW]

PARUL DEBI DAS,

(Jt. Secy. to the Govt. of India)

Department of Women & Child Development

Directorate of Women & Child Development

Notification

2-104(12)-2006/DW &CD/Part/I/1153

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (hereinafter called as the said Act) read with Rule 16(1) of the Rules, 2006, the Government of Goa hereby notifies the following homes as authorized shelter homes for identification of Shelter Home under the Act.

1. Ish Kripa Sadan, Pereira Vaddo, Siolirn, Bardez-Goa.
2. Gomantak Lokseva Trust, Seva Ashram Mudi, Zar, Assagaon, Baddem Road, Anjuna, Bardez-Goa.
3. Recolhirmento de Serra, Altinho, Panaji-Goa (Institute of Public Assistance) (Provedoria).
4. Asylum of Majorda, Salcete-Goa (Run by Provedoria) (IPA).
5. Yashasvi Mahila Mandal, Bordem, Bicholim-Goa.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

V. M. *Paranjape*, ex-officio Jt. Secretary & Director of Women & Child Development.
Panaji, 8th October, 2007.

Notification

2-104(12)-2006/DW&CD/1505

In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (1) of Section 8 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (hereinafter called as 'the Act') the Government of Goa hereby appoints below mention officers as Protection Officers with jurisdiction mentioned against each to perform the duties and functions under the said Act, and the Rules framed thereunder:

Sr. No.	Designation of the Officer	Jurisdiction
1.	Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Panchayat	North Goa District.
2.	Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Panchayat	South Goa District.
1.	B. D.O., Bicholim	Bicholim Taluka.
2.	B. D.O., Satari	Satari Taluka.
3.	B. D.O., Bardez	Bardez Taluka.
4.	B. D.O., Pernem	Pernem Taluka.
5.	B. D.O., Tiswadi	Tiswadi Taluka.
6.	B. D.O., Salcete	Salcete Taluka.
7.	B. D.O., Canacona	Canacona Taluka.
8.	B. D.O., Quepem	Quepem Taluka.
9.	B. D.O., Sanguem	Sanguem Taluka.

10.	B. D.O., Ponda	Ponda Taluka.
11.	B. D.O., Mormugao	Mormugao Taluka.

The infrastructure or assistance if any required by the Protection Officer for discharge of functions and duties shall be provided by the Directorate of Panchayats for the time being.

Consequent upon the above, the Notification No. 2-104(12)-2006/DW&CD/2324 dated 15-12-2006 and No. 2-104(12)-2006/DW&CD/1248 dated 25-10-2007 issued earlier in this regard stands withdrawn.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

V. M. *Paranjape*, ex-officio Jt. Secretary & Director of Women & Child Development.
Panaji, 27th November, 2007.

Notification

2-104(14)-2007/DW &CD/1571

In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (1) of Section 10 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (hereinafter called as the 'Act') the Government of Goa hereby register the following Voluntary Organizations as Service Providers for North Goa District under the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 and to provide following services under the said Act and the Rules framed therein:-

Sr. No.	Name of the NGO	Type of Service Providers
1.	Sangath Society, 841/1, Near Elect. Department, Alto-Porvorim, Bardez	i) Psychiatric Counselling ii) Family Counselling
2.	Ekata Mahila Mandal, 1st Floor, Sharifa Manzil, Bundarwada, Bicholim.	i) Vocational Trg.Centre ii) Awareness Programme iii) Counselling for a group of people who are victims of domestic. violence and family disputes.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

V. M. *Paranjape*, ex-officio 1st. Secretary & Director of Women & Child Development.

Panaji, 6th December, 2007.

Notification

2-104(12)-2006/DW&CD/1851

In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (1) of Section 8 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (hereinafter called as 'the said Act') read with Rules 13 and 14 of the Rules, 2006, the Directorate of Women and Child Development, Government of Goa hereby appoints the following 3 Counsellors on contract basis. These Counsellors shall be empanelled with Protection Officers for North and South Goa Districts for being deployed on case to case basis.

South Goa

1. Carol Noronha e Gomes,
P. O. Colva, Seraulim Duncolim, Salcete, Goa.

North Goa

2. Ms. Arti Kandolkar,
H. No. 704, Irrnitwado, Near Sidney Pinto Hospital, Porvorim, Bardez-Goa.
3. Ms. Geetanjali Nageshkar Naik,
G-I, Shivam Appts., Journalist Colony, Alto-Porvorim, Bardez-Goa.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

V. M Paranjape, Director & ex-officio Jt. Secretary, Women & Child Development.

Panaji, 16th January, 2008.

Notification

No.2-104(14)-2007/DW&CD/1853

In exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (1) of Section 10 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (hereinafter called as the 'Act') the Government of Goa hereby register the following Voluntary Organizations as Service Providers for South Goa District under the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 and to provide following services under the said Act and the Rules framed thereunder:-

Sr. No.	Name of the NGO	Type of Service Providers
1.	Visionaries (NGO), Manuel Mansion, Loutulim, Salcete-Goa.	i) Psychiatric Counselling ii) Awareness Programme iii) Anti-Drugs, Anti-Aids, Educational, Cultural and Sports Activities
2.	Agnel Charities (Agnel Seva Sangh), Agnel Technical Education Complex, Agnel Ashram, Verna, Salcete-Goa.	i) Vocational Trg. Centre ii) Awareness Programme iii) Entrepreneurship Development
3.	Sai Life Care, C/o Sai Sports & Cultural Association, Kothambi, Pali-Goa.	i) Psychiatric Counselling ii) Family Counselling iii) Awareness Programme.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

V. M Paranjape, Director & ex-officio Jt. Secretary, Women & Child Development.

Panaji, 16th January, 2008.